



Material Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: 3M(TM) PLASTIC CLEANER PN 39017

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Automotive Aftermarket

ADDRESS: 3M Center
St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

Issue Date: 03/03/2005

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Product Use:

Specific Use: Automotive plastic surface repair

SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
WATER	7732-18-5	30 - 60
QUARTZ SILICA	14808-60-7	10 - 30
KAOLINITE	1318-74-7	10 - 20
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	64742-47-8	10 - 20
GLYCERIN	56-81-5	1 - 5
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	64741-88-4	1 - 5
OLEIC ACID	112-80-1	1 - 5
MINERAL OIL	64741-89-5	0.5 - 1.5
POLY(OXYETHYLENE)SORBITAN MONOSTEARATE	9005-67-8	0.5 - 1.0
STODDARD SOLVENT	8052-41-3	0.01 - 0.1
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	< 0.01
BENZENE	71-43-2	< 0.001

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Odor, Color, Grade: LIGHT BROWN, SLIGHT SOLVENT ODOR

General Physical Form: Liquid

Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards: Combustible liquid and vapor. Closed containers exposed to heat from

fire may build pressure and explode. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer. May cause target organ effects. Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Contact:

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

Inhalation:

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

Upper Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

During grinding, scraping, sanding:

Silicosis: Signs/symptoms may include breathlessness, weakness, chest pain, persistent cough, increased amounts of sputum, and heart disease.

May be absorbed following inhalation and cause target organ effects.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

May be absorbed following ingestion and cause target organ effects.

Target Organ Effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>Class Description</u>	<u>Regulation</u>
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	Group 1	International Agency for Research on Cancer
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
QUARTZ SILICA	14808-60-7	Group 1	International Agency for Research on Cancer
QUARTZ SILICA	14808-60-7	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash affected area with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

If Swallowed: Do not induce vomiting. Give victim two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

Autoignition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flash Point	150 °F [<i>Test Method:</i> Closed Cup]
Flammable Limits - LEL	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flammable Limits - UEL	<i>No Data Available</i>

5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use fire extinguishers with class B extinguishing agents (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide).

5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Water may be used to blanket the fire. Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Combustible liquid and vapor. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back.

Note: See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (SECTION 10) for hazardous combustion and thermal decomposition information.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental Release Measures: Refer to other sections of this MSDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. Call 3M-HELPS line (1-800-364-3577) for more information on handling and managing the spill. Evacuate unprotected and untrained personnel from hazard area. The spill should be cleaned up by qualified personnel. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Contain spill. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a toxic, corrosivity or flammability hazard. Collect as much of the spilled

material as possible. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

In the event of a release of this material, the user should determine if the release qualifies as reportable according to local, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 HANDLING

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, pilot lights and other sources of ignition. Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Keep out of the reach of children. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below Occupational Exposure Limits. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Avoid eye contact. Avoid breathing of dust created by sanding, grinding or machining.

7.2 STORAGE

Store away from acids. Store away from heat. Store out of direct sunlight. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below Occupational Exposure Limits and/or control mist, vapor, or spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection

Avoid eye contact.

The following eye protection(s) are recommended: Safety Glasses with side shields, Indirect Vented Goggles.

8.2.2 Skin Protection

Avoid skin contact.

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber.

8.2.3 Respiratory Protection

Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Avoid breathing of dust created by sanding, grinding or machining.

Select one of the following NIOSH approved respirators based on airborne concentration of contaminants and in accordance with OSHA regulations: Half facepiece or fullface air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges and P95 particulate prefilters, Half facepiece or fullface air-purifying respirator with P95 particulate filters. Consult the current 3M Respiratory Selection Guide for additional information or call 1-800-243-4630 for 3M technical assistance.

8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.

8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>Authority</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Additional Information</u>
BENZENE	ACGIH	TWA	0.5 ppm	Skin Notation*; Table A1

BENZENE	ACGIH	STEL	2.5 ppm	Skin Notation*; Table A1
BENZENE	OSHA	TWA	1 ppm	Standard Appendix
BENZENE	OSHA	STEL	5 ppm	Standard Appendix
FORMALDEHYDE	ACGIH	CEIL	0.3 ppm	Sensitizer; Table A2
FORMALDEHYDE	OSHA	TWA	0.5 ppm	Standard Appendix
GLYCERIN	ACGIH	TWA, as mist	10 mg/m3	
GLYCERIN	OSHA	TWA, as mist, respirable	5 mg/m3	Table Z-1
GLYCERIN	OSHA	TWA, Vacated, as mist, total dust	10 mg/m3	
GLYCERIN	OSHA	TWA, as mist, total dust	15 mg/m3	Table Z-1
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	CMRG	TWA	300 ppm	
OIL MIST, MINERAL	ACGIH	TWA, as mist	5 mg/m3	
OIL MIST, MINERAL	ACGIH	STEL, as mist	10 mg/m3	
OIL MIST, MINERAL	OSHA	TWA, as mist	5 mg/m3	Table Z-1
QUARTZ SILICA	ACGIH	TWA, respirable	0.05 mg/m3	Table A2
QUARTZ SILICA	OSHA	TWA, respirable	0.1 mg/m3	Table Z-1A
SOLVENT-REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	CMRG	TWA	5 mg/m3	
STODDARD SOLVENT	ACGIH	TWA	100 ppm	
STODDARD SOLVENT	OSHA	TWA, Vacated	100 ppm	Table Z-1A
STODDARD SOLVENT	OSHA	TWA	500 ppm	Table Z-1
VEGETABLE OIL MISTS	OSHA	TWA, as mist	10 mg/m3	Table Z-1A
VEGETABLE OIL MISTS (EXCEPT CASTOR, CASHEW, OR SIMILAR IRRITANT OILS)	ACGIH	TWA, as mist	10 mg/m3	

* Substance(s) refer to the potential contribution to the overall exposure by the cutaneous route including mucous membrane and eye, either by airborne or, more particularly, by direct contact with the substance. Vehicles can alter skin absorption.

VAC Vacated PEL: Vacated Permissible Exposure Limits [PEL] are enforced as the OSHA PEL in some states. Check with your local regulatory agency.

SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT DATA:

- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline
- OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
- AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Odor, Color, Grade:	LIGHT BROWN, SLIGHT SOLVENT ODOR
General Physical Form:	Liquid
Autoignition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flash Point	150 °F [<i>Test Method:</i> Closed Cup]
Flammable Limits - LEL	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flammable Limits - UEL	<i>No Data Available</i>
Boiling point	> 95 °F
Density	<i>No Data Available</i>
Vapor Density	<i>No Data Available</i>
Vapor Pressure	<i>No Data Available</i>
Specific Gravity	1.2 [<i>Ref Std:</i> WATER=1]

pH	>=7.5
Melting point	No Data Available
Solubility in Water	Negligible
Volatile Organic Compounds	< 17 % weight
Viscosity	14000 - 25000 centipoise

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Materials and Conditions to Avoid: None known

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Formaldehyde	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not determined.

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION

Not determined.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Incinerate in a permitted hazardous waste incinerator. As a disposal alternative, dispose of waste product in a permitted hazardous waste facility.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D018 (Benzene)

Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ID Number(s):
60-4400-9654-7

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**US FEDERAL REGULATIONS**

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

STATE REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>Classification</u>
BENZENE	71-43-2	*Male reproductive toxin
BENZENE	71-43-2	*Developmental Toxin
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	**Carcinogen
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AIRBORNE PARTICLES OF RESPIRABLE SIZE)	NONE	**Carcinogen

* WARNING: contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

** WARNING: contains a chemical which can cause cancer.

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

No revision information is available.

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